

Corporal Punishment, Restraint, and Physical Confinement and Detention

State law forbids district employees from using corporal punishment against any student. Certain actions by school employees are not considered corporal punishment. Additionally, school employees may use "reasonable and necessary force, not designed or intended to cause pain" to do certain things, such as prevent harm to persons or property. State law also places limits school employees' abilities to restrain or confine and detain any student. The law limits why, how, where, and for how long a district employee may restrain or confine and detain a child. If a child is restrained or confined and detained, the district must maintain documentation and must provide certain types of notice to the student's parent.